The 3rd Olympiad of Metropolises

Day 2. Problems

Problem 4. Let $1 = d_0 < d_1 < \ldots < d_m = 4k$ be all positive divisors of 4k, where k is a positive integer. Prove that there exists $i \in \{1, \ldots, m\}$ such that $d_i - d_{i-1} = 2$. (Ivan Mitrofanov)

Problem 5. Ann and Max play a game on a 100×100 board.

First, Ann writes an integer from 1 to 10000 in each square of the board so that each number is used exactly once.

Then Max chooses a square in the leftmost column and places a token on this square. He makes a number of moves in order to reach the rightmost column. In each move the token is moved to a square adjacent by side or by vertex. For each visited square (including the starting one) Max pays Ann the number of coins equal to the number written in that square.

Max wants to pay as little as possible, whereas Ann wants to write the numbers in such a way to maximise the amount she will receive. How much money will Max pay Ann if both players follow their best strategies? (Lev Shabanov)

Problem 6. The incircle of a triangle ABC touches the sides BC and AC at points D and E, respectively. Suppose P is the point on the shorter arc DE of the incircle such that $\angle APE = \angle DPB$. The segments AP and BP meet the segment DE at points K and L, respectively. Prove that 2KL = DE. (Dušan Djukić)